

pH of weak bases

1. Balanced equation.
2. ICE table
3. K_b expression
4. Check $\frac{[\text{weak base}]}{K_b}$
5. Substitute and solve

Answers:	1. $[\text{OH}^-] = 0.00758 \text{ mol/L}$	$pH = 11.880$
	2. $[\text{OH}^-] = 2.64 \times 10^{-6} \text{ mol/L}$	$pH = 8.422$
	3. $[\text{OH}^-] = 6.34 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mol/L}$	$pH = 11.802$
	4. $[\text{OH}^-] = 0.0573 \text{ mol/L}$	$pH = 12.758$

Calculate the $[\text{OH}^-]$ and the pH of a:

1. 0.0100 mol/L $\text{Na}_3\text{PO}_{4(\text{aq})}$ solution. ($K_b = 0.0238$ for PO_4^{3-})

2. 0.500 mol/L $\text{NaNO}_{2(\text{aq})}$ solution. ($K_b = 1.39 \times 10^{-11}$ for NO_2^-)

3. 2.50 mol/L $\text{NaCN}_{(\text{aq})}$ solution. ($K_b = 1.61 \times 10^{-5}$ for CN^-)

4. 0.100 mol/L $\text{K}_2\text{S}_{(\text{aq})}$ solution. ($K_b = 0.0769$ for S^{2-})