Calculations with $\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{n}, \mathrm{V}$, and m

1. What volume of $0.25 \mathrm{~mol} / \mathrm{L} \mathrm{LiCl}(\mathrm{aq})$ contains 5.0 mol of LiCl ? $(20 \mathrm{~L})$
2. What volume of a $0.500 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{AgNO}_{3}$ solution would contain 1.65 mol of silver nitrate? (3.30 L)
3. Muriatic acid, used to etch concrete floors before painting, contains $\mathrm{HCl}(\mathrm{aq})$. How many moles of hydrogen chloride are in 125 mL of $0.0100 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{HCl}(\mathrm{aq})$ solution. ( 0.00125 mol )
4. What mass of copper (II) sulfate is required to make 200.0 mL of an electroplating solution with a $\mathrm{CuSO}_{4}$ concentration of 3.50 M ? (112 g)
5. What volume of 0.100 M sodium hydroxide solution can be prepared from 10.0 g of solute ? $(2.50 \mathrm{~L})$
6. Which of the following contains the greater mass of solute:
5.1 L of $2.25 \mathrm{~mol} / \mathrm{L}$ of $\mathrm{CuSO}_{4}(\mathrm{aq})(1800 \mathrm{~g})$

OR
2.1 L of of $0.10 \mathrm{~mol} / \mathrm{L} \mathrm{PbSO4(aq)} \mathrm{(64} \mathrm{~g})$
8. Calculate the concentration of sodium chloride when 0.250 moles of $\mathrm{NaCl}(\mathrm{s})$ is dissolved in 750.0 mL of water. ( 0.333 M )
9. Calculate the molar concentration of a solution prepared by dissolving 7.50 g of sodium nitrate, ( NaNO 3 ) in enough water to produce a 500.0 mL of solution. (0.176 M)
10. Calculate the mass of magnesium sulphate, MgSO4(s), required to produce 500.0 mL of $0.100 \mathrm{~mol} / \mathrm{L}$ solution. ( 6.02 g )
11. A 500 mL solution of NaCl has a concentration of 2.00 M . What mass of NaCl was required to prepare this solution? (58.4 g)
12. What is the molar concentration of a solution in which 0.25 mol of $\mathrm{CaCl}_{2}$ is dissolved in water to form a 550 mL solution? ( 0.45 M )
13. A typical household ammonia solution has a concentration of $1.44 \mathrm{~mol} / \mathrm{L}$. What volume of this solution would contain 1.340 mol of $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$ ? ( 1.93 L )

